

UNTT COLLEGE OF HEALTH & PUBLIC SERVICE Department of Audiology & Speech-Language Pathology

Communication Strategies: Tips for Communication with Hearing Loss

1. Look directly at people when they are speaking with you.

- a. Expressions, gestures, and lipreading cues will all help to supplement what you are able to hear.
- **b.** Keep your hands away from your face while talking. You may be difficult to understand if you are eating, smoking, or chewing gum or candy.
- c. Get the person's attention before you begin speaking.

2. Reduce background and competing noises.

- a. At home, turn off music or the TV (or at least turn them down). Turn off the dishwasher and/or other loud appliances or move to a quiet area.
- **b.** In restaurants, ask to be seated in a quiet corner away from the kitchen, front door, bar area, or anywhere there is heavy traffic or noise.
- c. Never attempt to speak to a person who is hearing impaired from another room or from a distance. Reduce the distance of conversation in order to increase understanding.

3. Inform the person speaking to you when you are having trouble understanding.

- a. Ask the speaker to repeat when needed. After listening to an additional 2 or 3 sentences, a misunderstood message may become clearer, but don't wait too long into the conversation if you are still "lost."
- **b.** Ask the person speaking to rephrase what they have said. Using different words adds additional information and can increase understanding.

4. Speak a little slower; pronounce your words distinctly, but naturally.

- a. Do not over-exaggerate your words; they will appear unnatural on your lips and make lip reading difficult.
- **b.** Do not shout, scream, or yell as your speech will sound distorted and less clear.

5. Try to remain patient and sympathetic.

- a. Remember, the difficulties with communication caused by hearing loss are frustrating for everyone involved.
- **b.** Listening is sometimes a difficult and tiring task as it requires concentration. It is important to understand that exhaustion and stress have negative impacts on communication.
- Educate others on how to best communicate with individuals with hearing impairment. You must take responsibility to teach them.